

Table of Detected Contaminants

Lead & Copper in the distribution System

Contaminant	Violation Yes / No	Date(s) of Sampling	Average Level found (Range)	90th Percentile Value	Units Measured	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL, TT, or AL)	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	No	Jun-14	0.086 (.0038 -.61)	0.16	mg/l	0	AL = 1.3*	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives.
Lead	No	Jun-14	1.87 (nd - 20)	3.6	ug/l	0	AL = 15*	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits;

*AL (Action Level) – Only 10% of samples can exceed this level.

About Lead and Copper:

In order to deter the leaching of lead and/ or copper from our customers' pipes, OCWA has been mandated to implement corrosion control. Lead & Copper Sampling is required every 3 years. OCWA will sample again in 2017.

The method of corrosion control used on waters originating from Otisco and Skaneateles lakes is the addition of orthophosphate. The adjustment of pH is the method used for Ontario water. OCWA's latest sampling period was in June of 2014 when OCWA sampled and tested customers' taps to make sure the corrosion controls were effective.

90th Percentile Values for LEAD & COPPER: The values reported for lead and copper represent the 90th percentile. The 90th percentile value is the concentration that 90% of the taps sampled were at or below. Since the Action Level for Lead is 15 ug/l, 90% of the taps tested had to be at or below this value. As you can see from the above chart 90% of the taps tested were at or below 3.6 ug/l in June of 2014. The Action Level for Copper is 1.3 mg/l. The observed 90th percentile for Copper was 0.16 mg/l. Of the 123 samples that OCWA tested in June of 2014, Only one sample exceeded the action level for lead. No sample exceeded the action level for copper.

The testing showed that our methods of corrosion control are working.